Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP) Redesign Technical Assistance

lowa Department of Education October 29, 2003



Part 1--October 2003 ICN

Introduction
to
CSIP Redesign
and
Ongoing Technical Assistance
2003-04

Uses of this Power Point for Various Audiences

- Board members, advisory groups, administrators, teachers, consultants, etc.—you can tailor your presentation to the audience
- Click on the appropriate ICON in your toolbar for any of the following:
 - Power Point Show
 - Note-taking pages (print multiple slides per page)
- Choose slides most appropriate to your audience

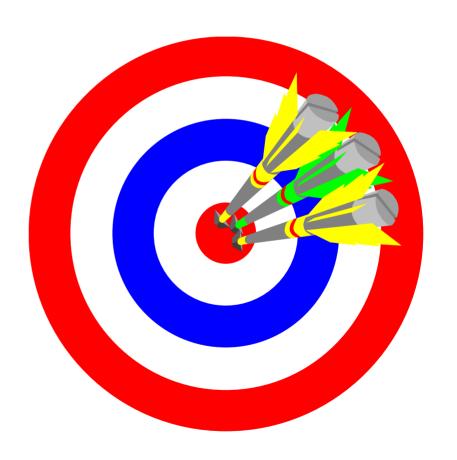
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- Cheryl Syferd
- Kara Weigel
- Stakeholder Groups

Session Purposes

- Identify current CSIP supporting documents used in Part I
- Introduce Iowa's Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP) redesign
- Introduce preliminary CSIP web design



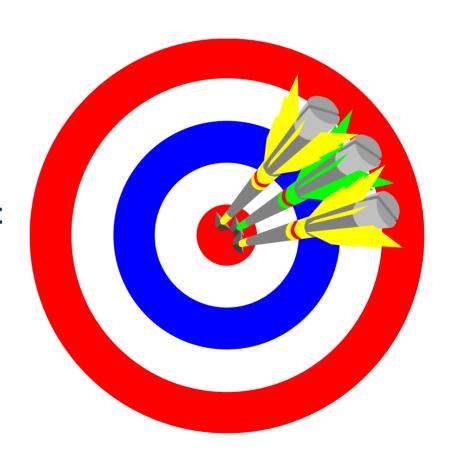
Session Purposes

- Present CSIP requirements: rules and statute interpretation matrix
- Present Westlake CSD-its CSIP thinking
 process for Question #1
 "What do data tell us
 about our student
 learning?"



Session Purposes

- Present Department's plan for technical assistance for the 2003-2004 school year
- Request CSIP Contact Person--E-mail distribution list AEA and LEA
- Present Chapter 12 rules interpretation matrix



Distribution of Information

- Each superintendent, administrator of an accredited nonpublic school, AEA chief, and AEA director received an e-mail with CSIP documents for October attached.
- The October ICN is being videotaped and will be distributed to each AEA.
- All CSIP documents will be available on the Department's web site, including the Chapter 12 rules interpretation matrix.

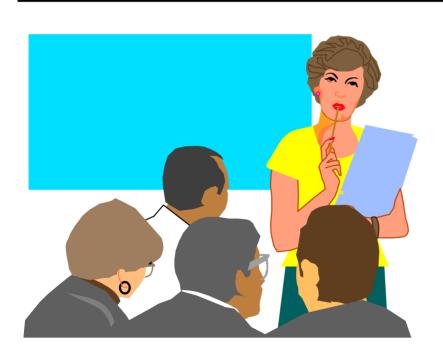
October Documents to Support CSIP Development

- Teaching and Learning Connections among State and Federal Requirements: Constant Conversations Over Time
- Constant Conversation Questions- Framework to Guide Thinking
- Flowchart--Efforts to Increase Student Achievement in Iowa

October Documents to Support CSIP Development

- Westlake Community School District: CSIP Thinking Process (Non-regulatory Guidance)
- CSIP Rule/Statute Interpretation Matrix (Regulatory Guidance)
- Chapter 12 Rule Interpretation Matrix (Regulatory Guidance)

CSIP Redesign lowa Stakeholder Groups Surveyed Summer 2003



- Superintendents
- School Improvement Advisory Committee Members
- Teachers
- DE Consultants
- AEA Consultants
- Professional Organizations
- DE Senior Staff

Stakeholders' Expectations

- Efficiency and Time
- Collaboration
- Common Understanding
- Meaningful Improvement
- Accountability: Improved
 Student Achievement

CSIP Redesign Attempting to Eliminate "Force Fit" Requirements

- Federal and state requirements "topics" after NCLB = 112
- CSIP requirements "topics" determined to be those most applicable to four "constant conversation" questions = 43

CSIP Redesign Program Application for State and Federal Funds

- The CSIP functions again as the five-year program application for state and federal funds.
- All program requirements will be met/monitored through a variety of venues, one of which is the CSIP.

CSIP Redesign Program Application for State and Federal Funds

Federal Funds

- Title I, Part A
- Title II, Part A
- Title II, Part D
- Title III
- Title IV
- E-Rate
- Perkins

State Funds

- Iowa Early Intervention/Class Size Reduction Program
- Iowa Mentoring and Induction Program
- Iowa Programs for Returning Dropouts and Dropout Prevention-additional allowable growth

Regulatory Monitoring Venues for State and Federal Requirements

- CSIP
- requirements submitted with program budgets,
- assurances,
- other requirements submitted electronically with the CSIP, and
- comprehensive school improvement site visits

CSIP Redesign Technical Assistance Goals

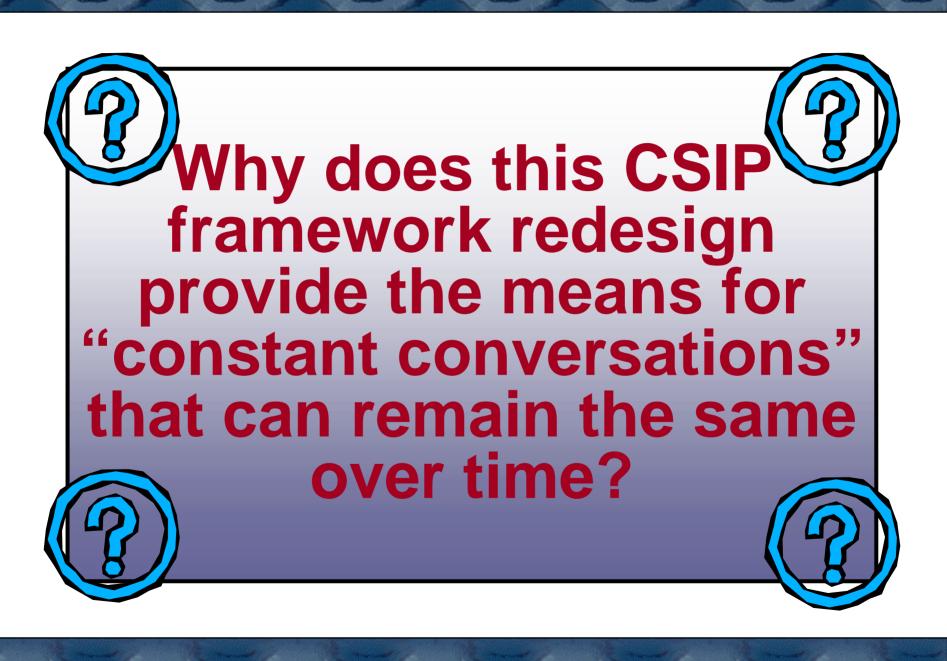
- 100% of schools identify CSIP as functional in leading to improved results for all students
- 100% of schools identify that CSIP technical assistance meets five stakeholder expectations
- 100% of schools meet state and federal requirements submitted through the CSIP web-based design

Teaching and Learning Connections Among State and Federal Programs/Initiatives

- State and federal programs/initiatives have the four constant conversation questions in common.
- The following four questions provide the CSIP framework. This redesign will ensure program consolidation and increase the alignment of efforts from multiple programs, initiatives, and advocates. Everyone plays.

Constant Conversations for Student Benefit CSIP Framework

- What do data tell us about our student learning needs?
- What do/will we do to meet student learning needs?
- How do/will we know student learning has changed?
- How will we evaluate our programs and services to ensure improved student learning?



"Constant Conversations"

- State and federal laws and rules will change; however, these four questions are free of specific statute and rule.
- Programs, initiatives, and curriculum will change over time; however, these four questions are free of specific content.
- People in the system (instruction, support, leadership, and management) will come and go; however, these four questions are not "person" dependent.

Comprehensive School Improvement

Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP)

Teaching and Learning Connections

State and Federal Consolidated Requirements— Non-Regulatory Guidance
October 2003

- What do data tell us about our student learning needs?
- 2. What do/will we do to meet student learning needs?
- 3. How do/will we know student learning has changed?
- 4. How will we evaluate our programs and services to ensure improved student learning?

Constant Conversations

fo r

Student Benefit

CSIP and Student Learning in Iowa

- The following flowchart is intended to illustrate how lowa schools plan, implement, and evaluate efforts to increase student achievement--the CSIP process focuses that improvement.
- The flowchart is intended to illustrate how improving student achievement requires capacity building, supports, and monitoring--across the LEA, the AEA, the DE, and other education organizations.

Comprehensive School Improvement

Planning, Implementing, and Evaluating Efforts to Increase Student Achievement in Iowa

Constant Conversations: Teaching and Learning Connections
Iowa Department of Education
October 2003

- What do data tell us about our student learning needs?
- 2. What do/will we do to meet student learning needs?
- 3. How do/will we know that student learning changed?
- 4. How will we evaluate our programs and services to ensure improved student learning?

State and Federal Legislation

- 1. Teaching And Learning Connections
- 2. Funding 3. Compliance

State Documents

- CSIP: the
 Usable Plan
- Assurances
- Technical Assistance
- APR: the Progress

State Technical Assistance

- Content
- Data
- Finance
- Practice
- Change DE, AEA, LEA, and other education organizations Capacity

Response Five-year CSIP (Student

Achievement

District

APR—How has student learning changed?

District

Response



AYP 1st Year

YES

NO
Goals not met

Watch
list
Revisit
CSIP

Continue

to work

CSIP

Technical Assistance

Initiatives that help districts:

- --Collect, analyze data
- --Assist and provide professional development
- --Support instructional initiatives
- Collaborative Math, Science, Reading Initiatives
- Youth Development Initiatives
- Comprehensive Site Visits

Department Monitoring

- Special Education Monitoring
- Career & Technical Monitoring Monitoring of Title Programs
- LEA Accreditation
- AEA Accreditation
- Comprehensive Site Visits

District Improvement Plan

School

Districts

Revisit

YES

Goals met

AYP

2nd Year

NO

Goals not met

Building Action Plan

Title I

Bldgs.

Sanctions

CSIP Constant Conversation Questions and Sub-Questions

- Focus first on the CSIP document that contains the four constant conversation questions. This is the "common" framework for CSIP development.
- Consider using the document as a selfassessment. Which questions might be the most challenging at this point in your local comprehensive school improvement process?

CSIP Web-Based Design

- You will enter answers to each of the four "constant conversation" questions into a new CSIP webbased system in spring 2004.
- Whether sub-questions are in the system is TBD--with your input.

CSIP Web-Based Design

- Level of detail placed in system will be worked out during the 2003-04 school year.
- No need to wait for the system--You have the Constant Conversations and CSIP requirements. Determine locally how your five-year plan will emerge from the process.

What does a CSIP web-based design provide that paper does not?

- Provides a public venue (accountability) for local aligned efforts to improve student learning. Access to your CSIP on the web will be public.
- Provides a timely plan that can be amended more efficiently.

CSIP Web-Based Design

- Provides a more efficient mechanism for state and federal funding program application.
- Provides potential for CSIP information and other state webbased data to be correlated (e.g., BEDS, APR, and licensure).

Recommended Approach

- Focus <u>first</u> on CSIP holistically.
 - Explore linkages among local, state, and federal programs and initiatives.
 - Determine planning priorities.
 - Establish a timeline between now and September 15, 2004.

Recommended Approach

- Focus <u>second</u> on compliance with specific state and federal CSIP requirements
 - The Department has created this CSIP regulatory technical assistance document:

Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP)
Rule/Statute Interpretation Matrix

Regulatory Guidance for the Consolidation of State and Federal Programs and Initiative in the CSIP

CSIP Requirements

- The next slide contains the first page of the rule/statute interpretation matrix.
- This document is regulatory technical assistance and should not be construed as best practice in all cases.
- Consider using the last two columns as a "self-check" to ensure compliance.
- The web-based system will ask you to double check all requirements before you certify the information.

Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP) Rule/Statute Interpretation Matrix

Regulatory Guidance for the Consolidation of State and Federal Programs and Initiatives in the CSIP

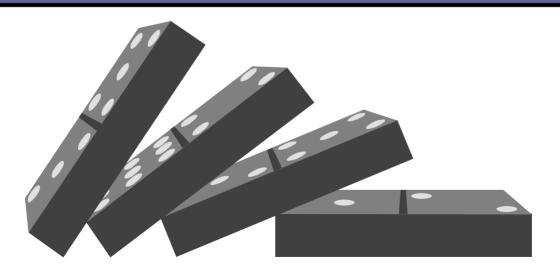
- The CSIP is a district-wide planning tool that guides the instructional focus (goal priorities) for school districts and accredited nonpublic schools in lowa. A CSIP does not contain all that a school does; it contains actions that are centered on improving teaching and learning, at a minimum, in the areas of reading, mathematics, science, and other local indicators for student achievement.
 - The CSIP has several functions: 1) five-year vision/direction for alignment of school efforts, 2) five-year plan to improve teaching and learning, 3) five-year application for state and federal programs that support district goals.

What do data tell us about our student learning needs?				
Citation	Topic	Rule/Statute	Rule/Statute Interpretation	Noncompliance
12.8(1) L (b)(2) and C	1. Long-range data analysis	Chapter 12 The long-range needs assessment process shall include provisions for analyzing information derived from local, state, and national sources. The process shall include provisions for reviewing information acquired over time on the following: 1) state indicators and other locally determined indicators, 2) locally established student learning goals, and 3) specific data collection required by federal and state programs.	The process for collection and analysis of long-range needs assessment data is locally determined. The comprehensive school improvement plan (CSIP) must contain long range data collection and analyses for each of the following state indicators: Reading Mathematics Science Dropouts High school seniors intending to pursue post-secondary education High school students/indicators of post-secondary success High school graduates completing core program "Analysis" means examining the data/information to answer questions about how well students are learning, determining priorities, and focusing instruction. "Additional factors" are locally determined - indicators that impact student achievement in addition to state indicators for lowa listed in 12.8(3)(a).	LRDA1.The comprehensive school improvement plan (CSIP) does not contain long range data collection and analysis over time. 281—IAC 12.8(1)(b)(2) LRDA2.The comprehensive school improvement plan (CSIP) does not contain any evidence of long-range needs assessment for state indicators. 281—IAC 12.8(1)(b)(2) LRDA3.The comprehensive school improvement plan (CSIP) does not contain any evidence of long-range needs assessment analysis for locally determined indicators. 281—IAC 12.8(1)(b)(2)(1) LRDA4.The comprehensive school improvement plan (CSIP) does not contain any evidence of long-range needs assessment analysis for locally established student learning goals. 281—IAC 12.8(1)(b)(2)(2)

Westlake's CSIP Thinking Process

Question #1

What do data tell us about our student learning needs?



CSIP Thinking Process Non-Regulatory Guidance Document

Constant Conversation Question #1:

What do data tell us about our student learning needs?

Westlake Community School District

- This document is the first of four guidance pieces about how one fictitious school district decides to "think through" a process that will lead it to a clear, concise, and usable CSIP designed increase achievement for all students.
- This document is not intended to provide a "one size fits all "thinking process. The plan that will eventually emerge from the details that follow will be locally determined.

Westlake's Thinking Question #1: Key Points

- This is the first of four guidance pieces.
- This is not a stand-alone document.
- The content provides a glimpse of only one district's thinking about Question #1.
- The content demonstrates a level of detail particular to this district's thinking.
- How much of this information will actually be placed in the CSIP web-based system will be determined over the coming school year.

Future Technical Assistance

Part II November 2003

- Constant Conversation #1: "What do data tell us about our student learning needs?"
- (videotape and documents sent to schools)

Part III December 2003

- Constant Conversation #2: "What do/will we do to meet student learning needs?"
- (videotape and documents sent to schools)

Future Technical Assistance

Part IV January 2004

- Constant Conversation #3: "How do/will we know that student learning has changed (student data)?"
- (videotape and documents sent to schools)

Part V February 2004

- Constant Conversation #4: "How will we evaluate our programs and services to improve student learning (implementation data)?
- (videotape and documents sent to schools)

What are some next steps?

- Send CSIP contact e-mail address to Cheryl Syferd at cheryl.syferd@ed.state.ia.us
- Study the following for Question #1:
 - Westlake's thinking process
 - Question #1 sub-questions
 - Requirements for Question #1 from the regulatory guidance matrix
- Send questions for "What do data tell us about our student learning needs?" to Cheryl Syferd.

What are some next steps?

- Begin with your data--to what questions about student learning do you want the answers? Use your DDL training.
- Where are the data? How reliable are the data?
- Who locally is involved in data management?
- The Department will tailor the November CSIP technical assistance package for Question #1 to questions schools submit.

What are some next steps?

- Take advantage of technical assistance opportunities provided through your AEA as they are appropriate to meet your needs.
- Schools are in different places with regard to comprehensive school improvement. Use resources suitable to your needs.

Late November

- Expect to receive a videotape and materials that you can use at your discretion to assist you in answering Question #1, as they are appropriate to your needs.
- Part of this package will include documents for Question #2: "What do/will we do to meet student learning needs?"

Technical Assistance Goals

- 100% schools with usable plans for student benefit
- 100% schools perceive that the five stakeholder expectations have been met
- 100% schools meet requirements

281 Chapter 12 Rules Interpretation Matrix

- Document Purposes:
 - To provide consistent interpretation for noncompliance determinations
 - To provide clear interpretation for noncompliance determinations
 - To ensure that all schools/school districts are meeting accreditation standards
 - To provide compliance information, but this document should not be construed to represent best practices in all areas

281 Chapter 12 Rules Interpretation Matrix

- Use the last two columns as a selfassessment to ensure compliance.
- "Locally determined" in the interpretation column means that the level of quality with regard to a particular requirement is decided by the school.
- Non-compliance statements define the point at which a school/school district is not meeting an accreditation standard.

281 Chapter 12 Rules Interpretation Matrix Reminders

- If a requirement does not apply to an accredited nonpublic school, this statement appears: Note: This requirement applies only to public school districts.
- It is important over time to periodically check the Department's web site to ensure that you are using the most recent version of the Chapter 12 rules interpretation. Statute changes and rule revisions/additions can happen every year.

Thanks for all the work you do to improve the lives of students while they are in your care.

